A fine mesh screen is stretched around a frame.

The screen is laid face-down on a surface and ink is applied along the edge.

The positive is made by drawing or printing a design on transparent material.

The screen is filled with light sensitive chemicals and dried.

The positive is arranged on the screen and exposed to light.

Light causes a chemical reaction, bonding the chemicals to the exposed parts of the screen.

Unexposed chemicals are washed away, leaving behind the negative image.

The screen is laid face-down on a surface and ink is applied along the edge.

A rubber squeegee is used to spread a thin layer of ink evenly across the screen.

The ink is pushed through the tiny holes in the screen and creates an image on the surface!